

# Novel applications of multiphoton absorption for the detection of Alzheimer's disease-linked amyloid aggregates and biomaterials for blood amyloid fibril capture systems.

<https://neurodegenerationresearch.eu/survey/novel-applications-of-multiphoton-absorption-for-the-detection-of-alzheimers-disease-linked-amyloid-aggregates-and-biomaterials-for-blood-amyloid-fibril-capture-systems/>

## **Name of Fellow**

Piotr Hanczyc

## **Institution**

## **Funder**

## **Contact information of fellow**

## **Country**

Sweden

## **Title of project/programme**

Novel applications of multiphoton absorption for the detection of Alzheimer's disease-linked amyloid aggregates and biomaterials for blood amyloid fibril capture systems.

## **Source of funding information**

## **Total sum awarded (Euro)**

€ 342,764

## **Start date of award**

01-07-2014

## **Total duration of award in years**

3.0

## **The project/programme is most relevant to:**

Alzheimer's disease & other dementias

## **Keywords**

amyloid fibrils | multiphoton absorption | brain diseases | Biomaterials | Alzheimer

## **Research Abstract**

Based on results obtained during my PhD in relation to the use of multiphoton absorption for

analyzing dye-linked DNA and proteins I propose to expand this technology to the analysis of protein aggregates, e.g., amyloid fibrils in medical and biomaterial contexts. Nonlinear optics has the possibility to detect and diagnose amyloid fibril formation in the brains of persons with suspected Alzheimer's or Parkinson's disease, with potentially enormous benefits to patients and society. Importantly, high-intensity light in the infrared region of absorption does not damage cells and tissues during long-duration irradiation, it does not require the use of chemical labels, and reduces the need for surgical intervention. Amyloid fibrils are also becoming an attractive biomaterial based on their ability to assemble synthetic molecules upon fibrilization. Tissue-biocompatible non-toxic polymers with affinity to amyloids represent a class of nano-designed compounds that can successfully replace standard drugs and pharmaceuticals used as disease inhibitors.

**Types:**

Fellowships

**Member States:**

Sweden

**Diseases:**

Alzheimer's disease & other dementias

**Years:**

2016

**Database Categories:**

N/A

**Database Tags:**

N/A